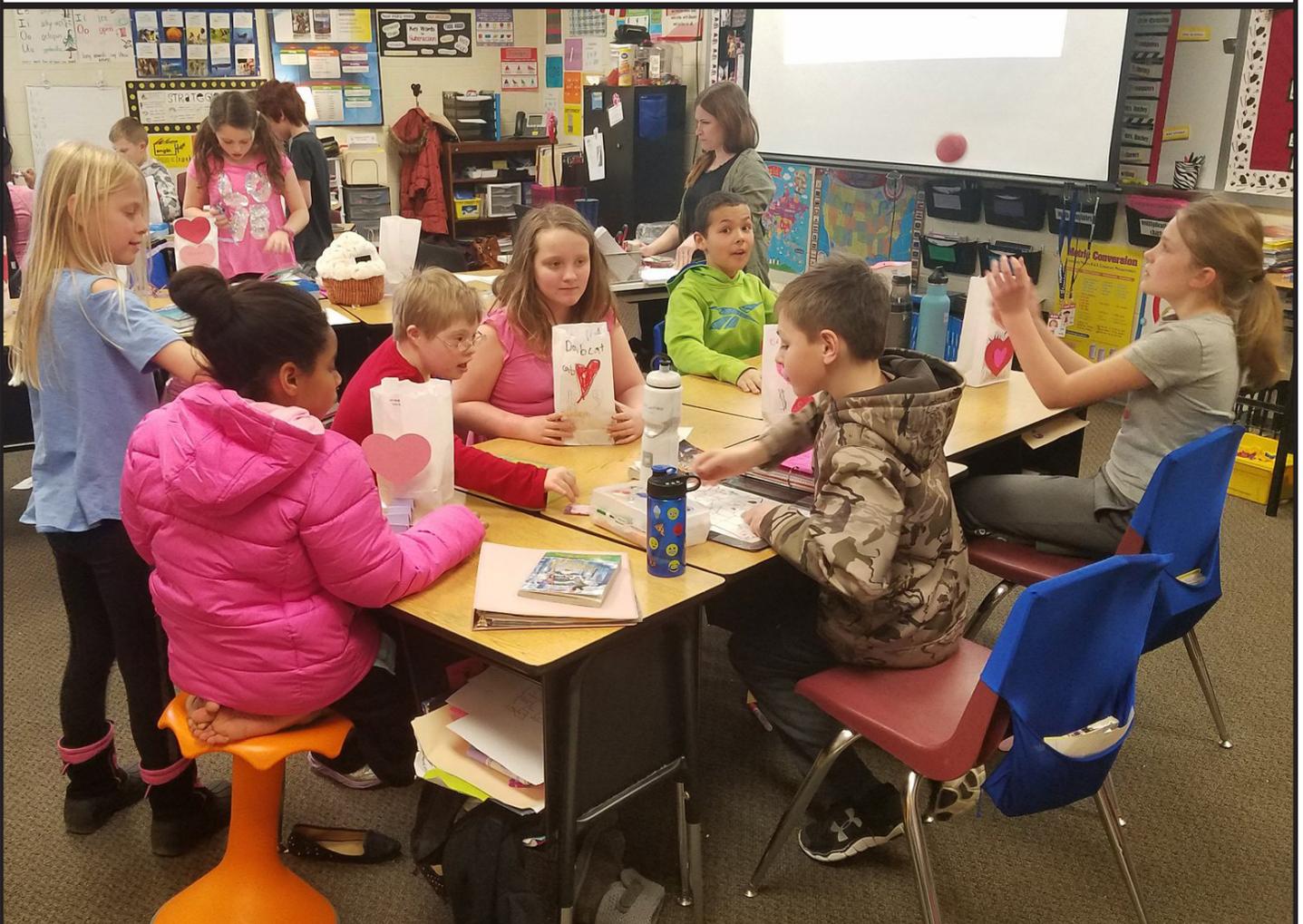




Expectations describe concepts, knowledge and /or skills that will be instructed and assessed at each grade level. Since a student's developmental level cannot be determined solely by grade level, individual students will be at varying stages in their development. Teachers will assess student performance and plan instructional tasks and experiences in order to maximize a student's progress towards the attainment of the expectations.

# 4th Grade *Expectations*

2018-2019



# 4th Grade

(Teachers will assess student performance and plan instructional tasks and experiences in order to maximize a student's progress towards the attainment of the expectations.)

## READING

### Reading Literature

#### **Key Ideas and Details**

1. Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. (RL.4.1)
  2. Determine a theme of a story, drama, or poem from details in the text; summarize the text. (RL.4.2)
  3. Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text (e.g., a character's thoughts, words, or actions). (RL.4.3)
- IA.1.** Employ the full range of research-based comprehension strategies, including making connections, determining importance, questioning, visualizing, making inferences, summarizing, and monitoring for comprehension.

#### **Craft and Structure**

4. Determine the meaning of words and phrases as they are used in a text, including those that allude to significant characters found in mythology (e.g., Herculean). (RL.4.4)
5. Explain major differences between poems, drama, and prose, and refer to the structural elements of poems (e.g., verse, rhythm, meter) and drama (e.g., casts of characters, settings, description, dialogue, stage directions) when writing or speaking about a text. (RL.4.5)
6. Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations. (RL.4.6)

#### **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas**

7. Make connections between the text of a story or drama and a visual or oral presentation of the text, identifying where each version reflects specific descriptions and directions in the text. (RL.4.7)
8. (Not applicable to literature) (RL.4.8)
9. Compare and contrast the treatment of similar themes and topics (e.g., opposition of good and evil) and patterns of events (e.g., the quest) in stories, myths, and traditional literature from different cultures. (RL.4.9)

#### **Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity**

10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poetry, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. (RL.4.10)

### Reading Informational Text

#### **Key Ideas and Details**

1. Refer to details and examples in a text when explaining what the text says explicitly and when drawing inferences from the text. (RI.4.1)
  2. Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text. (RI.4.2)
  3. Explain events, procedures, ideas, or concepts in a historical, scientific, or technical text, including what happened and why, based on specific information in the text. (RI.4.3)
- IA.1.** Employ the full range of research-based comprehension strategies, including making connections, determining importance, questioning, visualizing, making inferences, summarizing, and monitoring for comprehension.

#### **Craft and Structure**

4. Determine the meaning of general academic and domain-specific words or phrases in a text relevant to a *grade 4 topic or subject area*. (RI.4.4)
5. Describe the overall structure (e.g., chronology, comparison, cause/effect, problem/solution) of events, ideas, concepts, or information in a text or part of a text. (RI.4.5)
6. Compare and contrast a firsthand and secondhand account of the same event or topic; describe the differences in focus and the information provided. (RI.4.6)

#### **Integration of Knowledge and Ideas**

7. Interpret information presented visually, orally, or quantitatively (e.g., in charts, graphs, diagrams, time lines, animations, or interactive elements on Web pages) and explain how the information contributes to an understanding of the text in which it appears. (RI.4.7)
8. Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text. (RI.4.8)
9. Integrate information from two texts on the same topic in order to write or speak about the subject knowledgeably. (RI.4.9)

#### **Range of Reading and Level of Text Complexity**

10. By the end of the year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 4-5 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. (RI.4.10)

### Reading Foundational Skills

#### **Phonics and Word Recognition**

3. Know and apply grade-level phonics and word analysis skills in decoding words.
  - a. Use combined knowledge of all letter-sound correspondences, syllabication patterns, and morphology (e.g., roots and affixes) to read accurately unfamiliar multisyllabic words in context and out of context. (RF.4.3)

#### **Fluency**

4. Read with sufficient accuracy and fluency to support comprehension.
  - a. Read on-level text with purpose and understanding.
  - b. Read on-level prose and poetry orally with accuracy, appropriate rate, and expression on successive readings.
  - c. Use context to confirm or self-correct word recognition and understanding, rereading as necessary. (RF.4.4)

## WRITING

### **Types and Purposes**

1. Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.
  - a. Introduce a topic or text clearly, state an opinion, and create an organizational structure in which related ideas are grouped to support the writer's purpose.
  - b. Provide reasons that are supported by facts and details.
  - c. Link opinion and reasons using words and phrases (e.g., *for instance, in order to, in addition*).
  - d. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the opinion presented. (W.4.1)

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2. Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.
  - a. Introduce a topic clearly and group related information in paragraphs and sections; include formatting (e.g., headings), illustrations, and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.
  - b. Develop the topic with facts, definitions, concrete detail, quotations, or other information and examples related to the topic.
  - c. Link ideas within categories of information using words and phrases (e.g., *another*, *for example*, *also*, *because*).
  - d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.
  - e. Provide a concluding statement or section related to the information or explanation presented. (W.4.2)
3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.
  - a. Orient the reading by establishing a situation and introducing a narrator and/or characters; organize an event sequence that unfolds naturally.
  - b. Use dialogue and description to develop experiences and events or show the responses of characters to situation.
  - c. Use a variety of transitional words and phrases to manage the sequence of events.
  - d. Use concrete words and phrases and sensory details to convey experiences and events precisely.
  - e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events. (W.4.3)

#### **Production and Distribution of Writing**

4. Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade-specific expectations for writing types are defined in standard 1-3 above.) (W.4.4)
5. With guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, and editing. (Editing for conventions should demonstrate command of Language standards 1-3 up to and including grade 4.) (W.4.5)
6. With some guidance and support from adults, use technology, including the Internet, to produce and publish writing as well as to interact and collaborate with others; demonstrate sufficient command of keyboarding skills to type a minimum of one page in a single sitting. (W.4.6)

#### **Research to Build and Present Knowledge**

7. Conduct short research projects that build knowledge through investigation of different aspects of a topic. (W.4.7)
8. Recall relevant information from experiences or gather relevant information from print and digital sources; take notes and categorize information, and provide a list of sources. (W.4.8)
9. Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.
  - a. Apply *grade 4 Reading standards* to literature (e.g., “Describe in depth a character, setting, or event in a story or drama, drawing on specific details in the text [e.g., a character’s thoughts, words, or actions].”).
  - b. Apply *grade 4 Reading standards* to informational texts (e.g., “Explain how an author uses reasons and evidence to support particular points in a text”). (W.4.9)

#### **Range of Writing**

10. Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences. (W.4.10)

## **LANGUAGE**

#### **Conventions of Standard English**

1. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking.
  - a. Use relative pronouns (*who*, *whose*, *whom*, *which*, *that*) and relative adverbs (*where*, *when*, *why*).
  - b. Form and use the progressive (e.g., *I was walking*; *I am walking*; *I will be walking*) verb tenses.
  - c. Use modal auxiliaries (e.g., *can*, *may*, *must*) to convey various conditions.
  - d. Order adjectives within sentences according to conventional patterns (e.g., *a small red bag* rather than *a red small bag*).
  - e. Form and use prepositional phrases.
  - f. Produce complete sentences, recognizing and correcting inappropriate fragments and run-ons.
  - g. Correctly use frequently confused words (e.g., *to*, *too*, *two*; *there*, *their*). (L.4.1)
2. Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.
  - a. Use correct capitalization.
  - b. Use commas and quotation marks to mark direct speech and quotations from a text.
  - c. Use a comma before a coordinating conjunction in a compound sentence.
  - d. Spell grade-appropriate words correctly, consulting references as needed. (L.4.2)

#### **Knowledge of Language**

3. Use knowledge of language and its conventions when writing, speaking, reading, or listening.
  - a. Choose words and phrases to convey ideas precisely.
  - b. Choose punctuation for effect.
  - c. Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situations where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion). (L.4.3)

#### **Vocabulary Acquisition and Use**

4. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on *grade 4 reading and content*, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
  - a. Use context (e.g., definitions, examples, or restatements in text) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.
  - b. Use common, grade-appropriate Greek and Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a word (e.g., *telegraph*, *photograph*, *autograph*).
  - c. Consult reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation and determine or clarify the precise meaning of key words and phrases. (L.4.4)

# 4th Grade

(Teachers will assess student performance and plan instructional tasks and experiences in order to maximize a student's progress towards the attainment of the expectations.)

5. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in words meanings.
- Explain the meaning of simple similes and metaphors (e.g., *as pretty as a picture*) in context.
  - Recognize and explain the meaning of common idioms, adages, and proverbs.
  - Demonstrate understanding of words by relating them to their opposites (antonyms) and to words with similar but not identical meanings (synonyms). (L.4.5)
6. Acquire and use accurately grade-appropriate general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, including those that signal precise actions, emotions, or states of being (e.g., *quizzed, whined, stammered*) and that are basic to a particular topic (e.g., *wildlife, conservation, and endangered* when discussing animal preservation). (L.4.6)

## SPEAKING AND LISTENING

### Comprehension and Collaboration

- Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on *grade 4 topics and texts*, building on others' ideas and expressing their own clearly.
  - Come to discussions prepared, having read or studied required material; explicitly draw on that preparation and other information known about the topic to explore ideas under discussion.
  - Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions and carry out assigned roles.
  - Pose and respond to specific questions to clarify or follow up on information, and make comments that contribute to the discussion and link to the remarks of others.
  - Review the key ideas expressed and explain their own ideas and understanding in light of the discussion. (SL.4.1)
- Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally. (SL.4.2)
- Identify the reasons and evidence a speaker provides to support particular points. (SL.4.3)

### Presentation of Knowledge and Ideas

- Report on a topic or text, tell a story, or recount an experience in an organized manner, using appropriate facts and relevant, descriptive details to support main ideas or themes; speak clearly at an understandable pace. (SL.4.4)
  - Add audio recordings and visual displays to presentations when appropriate to enhance the development of main ideas or themes. (SL.4.5)
  - Differentiate between contexts that call for formal English (e.g., presenting ideas) and situation where informal discourse is appropriate (e.g., small-group discussion); use formal English when appropriate to task and situation. (See grade 4 Language standards 1 and 3 for specific expectations.) (SL.4.6)
- IA.4. Perform dramatic readings and presentations.

## MATH

### Operations and Algebraic Thinking 4.OA

#### Use the four operations with whole numbers to solve problems

- Interpret a multiplication equation as a comparison, e.g., interpret  $35 = 5 \times 7$  as a statement that 35 is 5 times as many as 7 and 7 times as many as 5. Represent verbal statements of multiplicative comparisons as multiplication equations. (4.OA.1)
- Multiply or divide to solve word problems involving multiplicative comparison, e.g., by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem, distinguishing multiplicative comparison from additive comparison. (4.OA.2)
- Solve multistep word problems posed with whole numbers and having whole-number answers using the four operations, including problems in which remainders must be interpreted. Represent these problems using equations with a letter standing for the unknown quantity. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies including rounding. (4.OA.3)

#### Gain familiarity with factors and multiples

- Find all factor pairs for a whole number in the range 1-100. Recognize that a whole number is a multiple of each of its factors. Determine whether a given whole number in the range 1-100 is a multiple of a given one-digit number. Determine whether a given whole number in the range 1-100 is prime or composite. (4.OA.4)

#### Generate and analyze patterns

- Generate a number or shape pattern that follows a given rule. Identify apparent features of the pattern that were not explicit in the rule itself. *For example, given the rule "Add 3" and the starting number 1, generate terms in the resulting sequence and observe that the terms appear to alternate between odd and even numbers. Explain informally why the numbers will continue to alternate in this way.* (4.OA.5)

### Number and Operations in Base Ten 4.NBT

(Grade 4 expectations in this domain are limited to whole numbers less than or equal to 1,000,000.)

#### Generalize place value understanding for multi-digit whole numbers

- Recognize that in a multi-digit whole number, a digit in one place represents ten times what it represents in the place to its right. *For example, recognize that  $700 \div 70 = 10$  by applying concepts of place value and division.* (4.NBT.1)
- Read and write multi-digit whole numbers using base-ten numerals, number names, and expanded form. Compare two multi-digit numbers based on meanings of the digits in each place, using  $>$ ,  $=$ , and  $<$  symbols to record the results of comparisons. (4.NBT.2)
- Use place value understanding to round multi-digit whole numbers to any place. (4.NBT.3)

#### Use place value understanding and properties of operations to perform multi-digit arithmetic

- Fluently add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm. (4.NBT.4)
- Multiply a whole number of up to four digits by a one-digit whole number, and multiply two two-digit numbers, using strategies based

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on place value and the properties of operations. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. (4.NBT.5)

**6.** Find whole-number quotients and remainders with up to four-digit dividends and one-digit divisors, using strategies based on place value, the properties of operations, and/or the relationship between multiplication and division. Illustrate and explain the calculation by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. (4.NBT.6)

#### **Number and Operations – Fractions** **4.NF**

(Grade 4 expectations in this domain are limited to fractions with denominators 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, and 100.)

##### **Extend understanding of fraction equivalence and ordering**

**1.** Explain why a fraction  $a/b$  is equivalent to a fraction  $(n \times a)/(n \times b)$  by using visual fraction models, with attention to how the number and size of the parts differ even though the two fractions themselves are the same size. Use this principle to recognize and generate equivalent fractions. (4.NF.1)

**2.** Compare two fractions with different numerators and different denominators, e.g., by creating common denominators or numerators, or by comparing to a benchmark fraction such as  $1/2$ . Recognize that comparisons are valid only when the two fractions refer to the same whole. Record the results of comparisons with symbols  $>$ ,  $+$ , or  $<$ , and justify the conclusions, e.g., by using a visual fraction model. (4.NF.2)

##### **Build fractions from unit fractions by applying and extending previous understandings of operations on whole numbers**

**3.** Understand a fraction  $a/b$  with  $a > 1$  as a sum of fractions  $1/b$ .

- Understand addition and subtraction of fractions as joining and separating parts referring to the same whole.
- Decompose a fraction into a sum of fractions with the same denominator in more than one way, recording each decomposition by an equation. Justify decompositions, e.g., by using a visual fraction model. *Examples:*  $3/8 = 1/8 + 1/8 + 1/8$ ;  $3/8 = 1/8 + 2/8$ ;  $2 \frac{1}{8} = 1 + 1 + 1/8 = 8/8 + 8/8 + 1/8$ .
- Add and subtract mixed numbers with like denominators, e.g., by replacing each mixed number with an equivalent fraction, and/or by using properties of operations and the relationship between addition and subtraction.
- Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions referring to the same whole and having like denominators, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem. (4.NF.3)

**4.** Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication to multiply a fraction by a whole number.

- Understand a fraction  $a/b$  as a multiple of  $1/b$ . *For example, use a visual fraction model to represent  $5/4$  as the product  $5 \times (1/4)$ , recording the conclusion by the equation  $5/4 = 5 \times (1/4)$ .*
- Understand a multiple of  $a/b$  as a multiple of  $1/b$ , and use this understanding to multiply a fraction by a whole number. *For example, use a visual fraction model to express  $3 \times (2.5)$  as  $6 \times (1/5)$ , recognizing this product as  $6/5$ . (In general,  $n \times (a/b) = (n \times a)/b$ .)*
- Solve word problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number, e.g., by using visual fraction models and equations to represent the problem. *For example, if each person at a party will eat  $3/8$  of a pound of roast beef, and there will be 5 people at the party, how many pounds of roast beef will be needed? Between what two whole numbers does your answer lie?* (4.NF.4)

#### **Understand decimal notation for fractions, and compare decimal fractions**

**5.** Express a fraction with denominator 10 as an equivalent fraction with denominator 100, and use this technique to add two fractions with respective denominators 10 and 100. (Students who can generate equivalent fractions can develop strategies for adding fractions with unlike denominators in general. But addition and subtraction with unlike denominators in general is not a requirement at this grade.) *For example, express  $3/10$  as  $30/100$ , and add  $3/10 + 4/100 = 34/100$ .* (4.NF.5)

**6.** Use decimal notation for fractions with denominators 10 or 100. *For example, rewrite  $0.62$  as  $62/100$ ; describe a length as  $0.62$  meters; locate  $0.62$  on a number line diagram.* (4.NF.6)

**7.** Compare two decimals to hundredths by reasoning about their size. Recognize that comparisons are valid only when the two decimals refer to the same whole. Record the results of comparisons with the symbols  $>$ ,  $=$ , or  $<$ , and justify the conclusions, e.g., by using a visual model (4.NF.7)

#### **Measurement and Data** **4.MD**

##### **Solve problems involving measurement and conversions of measurement from a larger unit to a smaller unit**

**1.** Know relative sizes of measurement units within one system of units including km, m, cm; kg, g; lb, oz; l, ml; hr, min, sec. Within a single system of measurement, express measurements in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Record measurement equivalents in a two-column table. *For example, know that 1 ft is 12 times as long as 1 in. Express the length of a 4 ft snake as 48 in. Generate a conversion table for feet and inches listing the number pairs (1, 12), (2, 24), (3, 36), etc.* (4.MD.1)

**2.** Use the four operations to solve word problems involving distances, intervals of time, liquid volumes, masses of objects, and money, including problems involving simple fractions or decimals, and problems that require expressing measurements given in a larger unit in terms of a smaller unit. Represent measurement quantities using diagrams such as number line diagrams that feature a measurement scale. (4.MD.2)

**3.** Apply the area and perimeter formulas for rectangles in real world and mathematical problems. *For example, find the width of a rectangular room given the area of the flooring and the length, by viewing the area formula as a multiplication equation with an unknown factor.* (4.MD.3)

##### **Represent and interpret data**

**4.** Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit ( $1/2$ ,  $1/4$ ,  $1/8$ ). Solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions by using information presented in line plots. *For example, from a line plot find and interpret the difference in length between the longest and shortest specimens in an insect collection.* (4.MD.4)

##### **Geometric measurement: understand concepts of angle and measure angles**

**5.** Recognize angles as geometric shapes that are formed wherever two rays share a common endpoint, and understand concepts of angle measurement:

- An angle is measured with reference to a circle with its center at the common endpoint of the rays, by considering the fraction of the circular arc between the points where the two rays intersect the circle. An angle that turns through  $1/360$  of a circle is called a “one-degree angle,” and can be used to measure angles.
- An angle that turns through  $n$  one-degree angles is said to have an angle measure of  $n$  degrees. (4.MD.5)

# 4th Grade

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6. Measure angles in whole-number degrees using a protractor. Sketch angles of specified measure. (4.MD.6)

7. Recognize angle measure as additive. When an angle is decomposed into non-overlapping parts, the angle measure of the whole is the sum of the angle measures of the parts. Solve addition and subtraction problems to find unknown angles on a diagram in the real world and mathematical problems, e.g., by using an equation with a symbol for the unknown angle measure. (4.MD.7)

## Geometry

### 4.G

**Draw and identify lines and angles, and classify shapes by properties of their lines and angles**

1. Draw points, lines, line segments, rays, angles (right, acute, obtuse), and perpendicular and parallel lines. Identify these in two-dimensional figures. (4.G.1)

2. Classify two-dimensional figures based on the presence or absence of parallel or perpendicular lines, or the presence or absence of angles of a specified size. Recognize right triangles as a category, and identify right triangles. (4.G.2)

3. Recognize a line of symmetry for a two-dimensional figure as a line across the figure such that the figure can be folded along the line into matching parts. Identify line-symmetric figures and draw lines of symmetry. (4.G.3)

## SCIENCE

1. **A fourth grader will develop understandings of the following Life Science concepts:**

- investigating the basic concepts of environmental biology: habitats, environmental factors, preferred environments, range of tolerance

2. **A fourth grader will develop understandings of the following Physical Science concepts:**

- investigating electricity and magnetism

3. **A fourth grader will develop understandings of the following Earth Science concepts:**

- investigating the basic concepts of soil, rocks, and landforms

4. **A fourth grader will develop understandings and abilities to do Scientific Inquiry by:**

- observing
- measuring
- classifying
- exploring
- recording
- hypothesizing
- inferring
- predicting
- investigating
- experimenting
- reporting
- making decisions

## SOCIAL STUDIES

**Theme: STATES and REGIONS**

1. **A fourth grader will demonstrate understanding of culture and cultural diversity by:**

- understanding that cultural heritage affects life in different regions of the U.S.

2. **A fourth grader will demonstrate understanding of individuals, groups and institutions by:**

- understanding government, culture, and geography affect our lives in Iowa

3. **A fourth grader will demonstrate understanding of production, distribution and consumption by:**

- understanding the economy affects life in different regions of the U.S.

4. **A fourth grader will demonstrate understanding of science, technology, and society by:**

- understanding that climate affects life in different regions of the U.S.

5. **A fourth grader will demonstrate understanding of global connections by:**

- understanding land forms affect life in different regions of the U.S.

6. **A fourth grader will demonstrate understanding of people, places, and environments by:**

- showing relationships on maps and globes using continents, oceans, land forms, directions (cardinal and intermediate), legends, keys, symbols, latitude, and longitude (equator and prime meridian)

- using special purpose maps (product, population, road, physical, political, relief, precipitation, climate)

## PERSONAL ACTIONS AND WORK ETHIC

1. **A fourth grader will demonstrate responsibility for personal actions and work ethic by:**

- respecting self, others, and property
- accepting responsibility for actions
- following directions (per specific activity)
- following procedures (standard year-long procedures)
- completing homework on time
- using class time productively
- producing quality work

## HEALTH, HUMAN GROWTH, & DEVELOPMENT

1. **A fourth grader will demonstrate how to prevent and control disease by:**

- understanding the difference between communicable and non-communicable diseases
- understanding ways a person can protect self and others from disease
- understanding a variety of health personnel involved in solutions of community health problems
- understanding the basic concept of how our immune system works
- understanding how HIV affects our immune system
- understanding how lack of accurate information can lead to anxiety, uncertainty, and fear

2. **A fourth grader will demonstrate behaviors to prevent (sexual) abuse and (sexual) harassment by:**

- understanding how to show respect for someone else's personal space
- understanding property rights, body rights, and the right to say "no"
- understanding clues that warn you that you may be violating someone's personal space
- understanding clues that warn you that someone may soon violate your personal space
- understanding what to do if someone invades your personal space and you don't like it

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- understanding how to make such a person or persons stop
- understanding how to tell and whom to tell
- understanding the information in the Harassment Brochure

**3. A fourth grader will demonstrate traffic safety by:**

- understanding age appropriate traffic safety behavior, such as, pedestrian safety; bicycle safety; auto passenger safety; school bus passenger safety; seat belt use; substance education; legal responsibilities and risks

## PHYSICAL EDUCATION

**1. A fourth grader will develop physical fitness by:**

- participating in activities that promote cardiovascular endurance, muscular strength, agility, flexibility, and body composition
- participating in physical fitness testing and goal setting

**2. A fourth grader will develop motor skills by:**

- participating in activities that lead up to team and individual sports

**3. A fourth grader will develop wellness by:**

- understanding habits important to a physically active lifestyle
- participating in aerobic activities

**4. A fourth grader will demonstrate responsible personal and social behavior in physical activity settings by:**

- demonstrating the Linn-Mar PRIDE behaviors:

Promote positive attitudes; Respect yourself and others; Insist on your personal best; Discuss and listen actively; Expect honesty and be trustworthy

**5. A fourth grader will develop an understanding and demonstration of rules, strategies and fair play in activities.**

## VISUAL ARTS

### Content Standards and Student Expectations

**1. Understanding and applying media, techniques, and processes**

The lessons are taught through these media: paint, chalk, pencil, crayons, paper, clay, ink, markers, and fibers.

The student will:

- know the differences between materials, techniques, and processes
- use art materials and tools in a safe and responsible manner
- use a variety of materials to communicate

**2. Using knowledge of structures and functions**

The lessons explore elements and principles of art: color, form, line, shape, space, texture, value, balance, contrast, emphasis, movement, pattern, and rhythm.

The student will:

- know the definitions of elements and principles
- be able to recognize elements and principles
- be able to apply elements and principles in artwork

**3. Choosing and evaluating a range of subject matter, symbols, and ideas**

The communication of ideas and their meanings are developed with choices of media, subject matter, and symbols.

The student will:

- use a variety of techniques/processes such as drawing, painting, sculpture, printmaking, and fiber art to explore and understand content for works of art
- know the difference between subject matter such as landscape, still life, and portrait

**4. Understanding the visual arts in relation to history and cultures**

Visual art is taught through the context of contemporary and historical cultures.

The student will:

- know that the visual arts have both a history and specific relationship to various cultures
- identify specific works of art as belonging to a particular culture, time and place

**5. Reflecting upon and assessing the characteristics and merits of his/her work and the work of others**

Aesthetic awareness is taught through the interpretation and evaluation of student work and works of others.

The student will:

- describe how artwork is used in daily life
- understand there are different responses to specific artwork
- know there are various purposes for creative works of visual arts

**6. Making connections between visual arts and other disciplines**

Interdisciplinary connections between visual arts and other disciplines are taught by comparison and integration of curriculum.

The student will:

- identify connections between visual arts and other disciplines in the curriculum
- understand and use similarities and differences between characteristics of visual arts and other disciplines

## GENERAL MUSIC

**1. A fourth grader will demonstrate appropriate singing techniques by:**

- participating in all singing activities
- demonstrating appropriate posture
- opening mouth
- demonstrating proper diction
- using singing voice

**2. A fourth grader will perform rhythmic and melodic patterns on classroom instruments by:**

- demonstrating steady beat
- demonstrating rhythm patterns
- recognizing music notation

**3. A fourth grader will continue to develop an understanding of music concepts (melody, rhythm, harmony, form, expression, tone color, style) by:**

- identifying note and rest values
- identifying treble clef note names
- building a music concept vocabulary

**4. A fourth grader will demonstrate creativity and use of imagination by:**

- listening, moving, playing instruments, singing, and dramatic interpretation

**5. A fourth grader will demonstrate appropriate personal actions and work ethic by:**

- listening to and following directions
- working cooperatively in groups
- demonstrating effort in all activities

The Linn-Mar Community School District provides equal education and employment opportunities and will not discriminate on the basis of race, creed, color, religion, gender, age, national origin, marital status, sexual orientation or disability. Linn-Mar Community School District shall take affirmative action in recruitment, appointment, assignment, and advancement of women and men, minorities and disabled. Inquiries regarding compliance with equal educational or employment opportunities and/or affirmative action shall be directed to Equity Coordinator, Linn-Mar Community School District, 2999 North Tenth Street, Marion, IA, 52302. Inquiries may also be directed, in writing, to the Iowa Civil Rights Commission in Des Moines; the Director of the Region VII office of the United States Equal Employment Opportunities Commission; or the Director of the Region VII Office of Civil Rights, United States Department of Education in Kansas City, Missouri.

**Linn-Mar Community School District • 2999 North Tenth Street, Marion, Iowa 52302**

